2009-11-17

Middle Test on Mathematical Analysis

For freshman

1. If $f'(x_0)$ exists, find the limit

$$\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f\left(x_{0} + 3\Delta x\right) - f\left(x_{0} - 2\Delta x\right)}{\Delta x}.$$

Answer: 5 $f'(x_0)$.

2. Let ϕ and ψ be twice differentiable on $[\alpha,\beta]\,,$ and

$$\begin{cases} \mathbf{x} = \phi(t) \,, \\ \mathbf{y} = \psi(t) \,. \end{cases}$$
 Find the second derivative $\frac{d^2 y}{d\mathbf{x}^2}$.

$$\begin{array}{l} \texttt{Answer:} \quad \frac{d^2 y}{d \texttt{x}^2} \, = \, \frac{\psi \mathrel{'} \mathrel{'} (\texttt{t}) \, \phi \mathrel{'} (\texttt{t}) \, - \, \psi \mathrel{'} (\texttt{t}) \, \phi \mathrel{'} \mathrel{'} (\texttt{t})}{\left[\phi \mathrel{'} (\texttt{t}) \right]^3} \, . \end{array}$$

3. Find the following two limits:

1)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n^{\frac{2}{3}} \sin n^{2}}{n+1};$$

2)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^{2}+1}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^{2}+n}} \right].$$

Answer: 1) 0; 2) 1.

4. Assume that
$$a_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k^2}$$
, show that $\{a_n\}$ converge.

5. Let
$$a_n = rac{c^n}{n !} (c > 0)$$
, $n = 1, 2, \cdots$. Show that $\lim_{n \to \infty} a_n$

exist and find its value.

Answer: 0.

- 6. Find the following limits:
 - 1) $\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{2}} (1 + \cos x)^{\frac{3}{\cos x}};$

$$2) \lim_{x\to 0^+} \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}}.$$

Answer: 1)
$$e^3$$
; 2) $\sqrt{2}$.

7. Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x}, & \text{if } x > 0; \\ 1, & \text{if } x = 0; \\ \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}}{x}, & \text{if } -1 \le x < 0. \end{cases}$$

If f continuous at 0? Show your answer.

Answer: Indeed, f is continuous at 0.

- 8. If f(x) is continuous on [a, b], and f > 0. Show that $\frac{1}{f(x)}$ is continuous on [a, b] using $\varepsilon - \delta$ language.
- 9. Assume that f is continuous on [a, b], and has $n + 1 (n \ge 1)$ different zeros. If f is n times differentiable on (a, b). Show that $\exists \ \xi \in (a, b)$, such that $f^{(n)}(\xi) = 0$.

Answer: Invoking Rolle's theorem n times.

10. Let f be differentiable on [a, b]. Show that $\exists \xi \in (a, b)$, such that

$$3\xi^{2}\left[extbf{f}\left(extbf{b}
ight) - extbf{f}\left(extbf{a}
ight)
ight] = \left(extbf{b}^{3} - extbf{a}^{3}
ight) extbf{f}\left(extbf{\xi}
ight) .$$

Answer: Applying Cauchy's intermediate derivative theorem.